EYFS- Curriculum Overview- Cycle A and Cycle B

Term: Cycle	Autum	n term	Spring t	erm	Summe	er term
A (2024-	All Abo	ut Me	Our Wonder	ful World	Expl	orers
2025)	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Topic	Amazing Me	Celebrations and Festivals	Under Construction (Buildings)	All Creatures Great and Small (Life cycles)	Traditional Tales	We are going on an adventure!
			The World			
Trips & experiences, cultural capital (added to continuous provision), LOTC.	Baby photos of themselves, family, and teachers Food tasting and senses (Harvest Festival) what do I like/dislike? Environment walks around school grounds. Community Centre Creating family trees Visit from Oral Health?	Black history month Halloween (31st October) Bonfire Night (5th November) Remembrance Day (11th November) Diwali Shichi-Go-San Loy Krathong Lantern Festival St Andrew's Day Hanukkah Christmas (celebrated in the last few weeks of term)	 Observations of new and old houses in our area. Visit places of worship e.g., church, synagogue, mosque, temple. Important buildings to memy house, supermarkets, swimming pools. Let's build the strongest house (construction LOTC) World famous buildings. Chinese New Year Shrove Tuesday Valentine's Day (14th February) 	Visit to Cuerden Bring Yer Own Wellies-Hoghton Butterflies in school St David's Day Mother's Day tea party Ramadan begins St Patrick's Day Easter. Palm Sunday, Good Friday Samlesbury Hall- Bee visit. Down syndrome awareness day.	Visit from Yellow Brick Road theatre company Eid ul Fitr- children to create mehndi patterns. St George's Day World Autism Awareness Day	Visit to the sea-life centre or the beach. Planetarium. King's Birthday (15 th June) Father's Day tea party Transition into new class.
Natural World	Amazing me: In daily	Seasons: Makes	Seasons: Makes observations of	Life cycles: Observing	Traditional Tales:	Adventure; space.
(Supported by	outdoor play and during	observations of the	the changing seasons and	natural processes and	Children will make	Children get
Forest School), Past and	the calendar, children will discuss the season and	changing seasons and discusses what they	discusses what they notice in connection to the environment	changes. Beans/Humans/butterfly.	observations of the different settings in the	opportunities to look at the universe and
Present, People	make observations about	notice in connection to	e.g., buds will be appearing on	beans/numans/butterny.	stories. They will be	understand that the
and	changes to the	the environment e.g.,	trees, snowdrops on the ground.	Comparing Animals and	able to draw on	world is just one of the
Communities	environment outdoors.	leaves changing colour and falling, outside	The first signs of Spring!	places. They explore animal features and their	previous knowledge of habitats. They will be	planets in our solar system.
The use of IT	Our local Environment;	becoming dark sooner.	Maps: The children will start to	contrasting environments/	able to recognise how a	
will be	What do children pass on		create maps of their immediate	habitats.	setting is similar or	Materials; Investigating
threaded in	their way to school? What		environment, including details		different from their own	Materials and thinking

throughout
with the use of
Google maps,
Beebots, search
engines, iPad's,
microphones,
CD players,
electronic
weighing scales.

is our local area like? Woodland, parks, pond, river, field, roads, street etc.

Children to look in depth at their immediate family and to make their own family tree.

Special people; children are supported to talk about the special people in their lives (family) and can consider the similarities and differences between them and their peers.

My Body, My Senses; Naming our body parts, sense and being healthy. Looking at how to look after myself (self-care such as dressing, outing on shoes/coast, washing hands etc)

DM links- The World 3-4-year-olds.

Questful RE- I am Special, Islam and Harvest.

Children begin to understand that the celebrations they take part in have taken place for many years

Celebrations and Festivals;

Children build on their knowledge of celebrations and explore other religions. The children will be encouraged to link these to their own religious beliefs and cultural traditions. The main focus will be Christianity and Hinduism.

DM links- The World, Children in Reception (B)

Questful RE- Christmas and Diwali.

like paths, roads, trees, and buildings.

Through daily calendar discussions and visual timetable children are developing their understanding of past, present, and future in connection to weeks/days/morning/afternoons. Children can look at the changes in the local area over time.

Buildings; Using digimaps for schools and google maps, children reinforce their knowledge of the local area (Higher Walton) and look at similarities and differences between their homes.

Children to begin to think about the wider community (Preston) and understand that they live in the country of England. Children to learn that in England there are lots of places where they can worship depending on the religion they practise. They can visit their local church and make links to the Christian faith of the school.

Using Google Maps, they also explore our location (in England) in relation to other countries around the world that they may have visited. Children will see pictures of houses in different

Developing an understanding of the five classes of animals. Children to group animals into categories. Farm animals, wild animals, domestic animals. Talk about animals and their young and their different names.

Changing states of matter - melting chocolate for Easter nests. (Remind them chocolate is part of a balanced diet and in this context, a treat to celebrate Easter) Highlight the cultural/religious meaning of the egg. Link to lifecycles.

Children can make connections to past/present and future when thinking about the stages of the human lifecycle and linking to where they are now in the life cycle or other family members.

Farmers- children learn more about people who work with animals in their everyday lives.

DM links- The World, Children in Reception (W) and (S) immediate environment.

Children will understand the past through the settings and traditional stories told.

Children will realise that different countries have their own traditional tales which have been passed down through generations.

Children will look at the moral aspects of the traditional tales. Should Goldilocks have entered the house of the three little bears without permission? Should Jack have stolen from the Giant?

DM links- The World, Children in Reception (S) and ELG's.

Questful RE-Friendship. about how they are used and why (simple properties)
Including Recycling:
Exploring why and how we recycle.

Through a focus on becoming **eco-warriors**, they explore the changes to Earth over the years and consider why/the impact of our actionspollution/littering etc.

Historic events - The first man to land on the moon Neil Armstrong. Children can pretend to be astronauts.

DM links- The World, Children in Reception ELG's.

Questful RE- Special Places and Prayer. (Hinduism, Islam, and Judaism)

			countries around the world (link to Handa's surprise) DM links- The World, Children in Reception (W) Questful RE- Stories Jesus heard, Easter and love.	Questful RE- Stories Jesus told.		
			Literacy			
Core Texts	Where The Wild Things Are	Look up!	Little Red	The Tiny Seed	Weirdo	So much
(10+ sessions, 2+ weeks)	Bringing the Rain	l am Henry Finch	Super Milly and the Super School Day	I Will Not Ever Never Eat a Tomato	Hairy Maclary from Donaldson's Dairy	Oi! Frog
The Literacy Tree						
Topic related texts	Marvellous Me: Inside and Out Colour Monster goes to school Ruby's Worry Our class as a family Super Milly and the Super School Day Wash scrub and brush The Paper Dolls Dr Ranj- A Superhero like you. Things I love about Family	The Nativity The Birthday Invitation The Jolly Christmas Postman	The Three Little Pigs Handa's Surprise	The Very Hungry Caterpillar Oliver's vegetables Jaspers Beanstalk The Enormous Turnip What the ladybird heard next?	The Gingerbread man Little Red Riding Hood Goldilocks and the Three Bears Three Billy Goats Gruff Handa's Hen	The Naughty Bus The Great explorer The Runaway train The World Around Me The Gruffalo We are going on a Bear Hunt.
Non-fiction texts	Helpers in my community Something to share (Islam) Senses Let's Celebrate Autumn					

Writing media	Literacy- Labels, captions, oral re-telling, developing a new character. Labels and captions, calland-response poems, descriptive posters, simple explanations.	Role play- Menus, list, messages, celebration cards, Lists, signs, labels, captions, speech bubbles, invitations. Literacy- Timetables, thought-bubbles, lists, commands, letters of advice, signs and labels, captions, invitations, thought bubbles, advertisements, letters of advice.	Literacy- Thought bubbles, labels, oral re-telling, writing in role, thank you letters. Drawing and labelling animals /characters, labels, notes of advice, adverts.	Instructions: How I Can Grow Literacy- Statements, writing in role, shopping lists, labels, letters of advice, instructions, narratives.	Literacy- Character description, writing in role, letters, leaflet, writing in role, letters, labels, and captions.	Literacy- Past tense sentences, writing in role, performance/ narrative poetry, signage; letters of advice; lists; labelled diagrams.
Phonics (Bug Club)	Phase 1 Bug Club Phase 1 - Units A-F (6 weeks) Covering the 7 aspects and three strands. Aspects: Aspect 1: General sound discrimination-environmental sounds. Aspect 2: General sound discrimination — instrumental sounds. Aspect 3: General sound discrimination — body percussion. Aspect 4: Rhythm and rhyme. Aspect 5: Alliteration. Aspect 6: Voice sounds. Aspect 7: Oral blending. And segmenting.	Phase 2- Bug club Phase 2- Units 1-5 HFW decodable- at, as, an, it, in, is, dad, can, on, not, got, mum, up, get, had, back, his, big, him, if, of, off, but. HFW irregular wordsto, the, no, go, I, into, her.	Phase 2- Bug club Phase 2- Units 1-5 HFW decodable- at, as, an, it, in, is, dad, can, on, not, got, mum, up, get, had, back, his, big, him, if, of, off, but. HFW irregular words- to, the, no, go, l, into, her.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3-Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3- Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3- Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love. Phase 4- Bug club Phase 4- Unit 12 HFW decodable- went, from, children, just, help. HFW irregular words- said, have, like, so, do, some, come, were,

	Tuning into sounds (auditory discrimination) Listening and remembering sounds (auditory memory and sequencing) Talking about sounds (developing vocabulary and language comprehension).					there, little, one, when, out, what.
		ı	Expressive Arts and Des	ign	l	l
Role play	Domestic: New Baby	Domestic: Celebratory meals.	Domestic: Can we fix it?	Domestic: Pets	Domestic: Three bears' house!	Domestic: Let's go to space!
Artists	Kandinsky- circles and triangles Andy Warhol- Pop Art	Jackson pollock- splatting	Andy Goldsworthy- natural art	Van Gogh- sunflowers	Lucy Arnold- butterflies	Claude Monet - Water Lilly's
Music- Charanga (Being Imaginative)	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm, and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.

Drawing skills by paying close attention to the lines and shapes of different things e.g., when creating self-portraits making a	connections between colours and the changing seasons, Link to the seasons	Andy Goldsworthy children begin to understand Art in different forms, sculptures/arrangements.	detail – observation drawings of flowers	skills they have learnt so far to create role play	the artist Claude
and shapes of different things e.g., when creating self-portraits making a	changing seasons, Link		drawings of flowers	far to create role play	Manage Children will
things e.g., when creating self-portraits making a		forms sculptures/arrangements		iai to cieate fole play	Monet. Children will
self-portraits making a	to the seasons	ioinis, scuiptures/arrangements.	building on their skill of	scenes and props for	look at the use of
	to the seasons	They explore the art to think	sketching from the previous	traditional tales.	different media to
	They begin to explore	about shapes that are created	term.	Children will be	create a desired
large circle for the face	different textures	and make their own shapes from		encouraged to combine	outcome e.g., water
and small circles for the	through activities such	different (natural resources) to	Children explore how they	different materials and	colours instead of pain
eyes.	as leaf rubbings	create art.	can join and combine	use junk modelling to	or pastels. They
			materials in different	express their ideas.	reinforce their
Knowledge of colours are	In connection to the	Children show development in	ways/using different		knowledge of colour in
continually reinforced but	topic (celebrations)	their drawings – paying close	techniques – They make		connection to seasons
within EAAD children think	children explore how	attention to shape and form to	their own ornaments out of		e.g., summer colours,
about colour in more	they can create different	create clearer drawings of	papier-mâché's.		yellows, greens, blues.
depth in relation to	effects focussing on	buildings.		DM links- Expressive	
themselves – their eye and	Pollock e.g., spatting,		They also make their own	Arts and Design-	
hair colour, skin colour and	Splashing, dripping to	Children explore the use of	beanstalk pictures using a	Children in Reception	DM links- Expressive
begin to think about the	represent fireworks.	materials in order to construct a	collage effect.	(S) and ELG's.	Arts and Design-
different tones.		house/building. Which materials			Children in Reception
	Children create their	are appropriate?			ELG's.
DM links- Expressive Arts	own props to act out	DM links- Expressive Arts and	DM links- Expressive Arts		
and Design-	stories – silhouettes.	Design- Children in Reception	and Design- Children in		
3-4-year-olds.		(W)	Reception (W) and (S)		
	DM links- Expressive				
	Arts and Design-				
	Children in Reception				
	(B)				
		Maths			
Match, sort and compare.	Circles and triangles	Alive in 5	Length, height, and time	To 20 and beyond	Sharing and grouping
Talk about measure and	1,2,3,4,5	Mass and capacity	Building 9 and 10	How many now?	Visualise, build and
patterns.					map
	Shapes with four sides	Growing 6,7,8	Explore 3D shapes	Manipulate, compose	
It's me, 1,2,3		_	·	decompose	Make connections
	Knowledge of colours are continually reinforced but within EAAD children think about colour in more depth in relation to themselves – their eye and hair colour, skin colour and begin to think about the different tones. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-3-4-year-olds. Match, sort and compare. Talk about measure and patterns.	Knowledge of colours are continually reinforced but within EAAD children think about colour in more depth in relation to themselves – their eye and hair colour, skin colour and begin to think about the different tones. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-3-4-year-olds. Match, sort and compare. Knowledge of colours are topic (celebrations) children explore how they can create different effects focussing on Pollock e.g., spatting, Splashing, dripping to represent fireworks. Children create their own props to act out stories – silhouettes. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles 1,2,3,4,5 Shapes with four sides	Knowledge of colours are continually reinforced but within EAAD children think about colour in more depth in relation to themselves – their eye and hair colour, skin colour and begin to think about the different tones. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. In connection to the topic (celebrations) children show development in their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of buildings. Children explore how they can create different effects focussing on Pollock e.g., spatting, Splashing, dripping to represent fireworks. Children create their own props to act out stories – silhouettes. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles 1,2,3,4,5 Shapes with four sides Children show development in their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of buildings. Children explore how they can create their oreate their own props to act out stories – silhouettes. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (W) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles Alive in 5 Mass and capacity Mass and capacity Growing 6,7,8	Knowledge of colours are continually reinforced but within EAAD children think about colour in more depth in relation to themselves – their eye and hair colour, skin colour and begin to think about the different tones. Children create their own props to act out stories – silhouettes. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles In connection to the topic (celebrations) their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of buildings. Children explore the use of materials in order to construct a house/building. Which materials are appropriate? DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles In connection to the topic (celebrations) their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of buildings. Children explore the use of materials in order to construct a house/building. Which materials are appropriate? DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (W) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles Alive in 5 Mass and capacity Mass and capacity Building 9 and 10 Explore 3D shapes	Knowledge of colours are continually reinforced but within EAAD children think about colour in more depth in relation to the spiral to the different tones. DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Talk about measure and patterns. In connection to the topic (celebrations) the topic (celebrations) the topic (celebrations) to the topic (celebrations) the topic (celebrations) children explore how the topic (celebrations) children explore how they can create different effects focussing on Pollock e.g., spatting, Splashing, dripping to represent fireworks. Children explore the use of materials in order to construct a house/building. Which materials are appropriate? DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (B) Match, sort and compare. Talk about measure and patterns. In connection to the topic (celebrations) their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of buildings. Children explore the use of materials in order to construct a house/building. Which materials are appropriate? DM links- Expressive Arts and Design-Children in Reception (W) Match, sort and compare. Circles and triangles Alive in 5 Mass and capacity Mass and capacity Mais and capacity Mais and capacity Mais and patterns. Match, sort and compare. Shapes with four sides Shapes with four sides Manipulate, compose

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Number

Numerical Patterns

Children identify representations of 1, 2 and 3. They subitise or count to find how many and make their own collections of up to 5 objects. Children begin to understand that as we count each number is 1 more than the one before.

Children begin to subitise to 3.

Children explore the composition of numbers within 3 and 4

Children look at the comparison of numbers up to 3 by saying which is more and which is less.

Children revisit patterns looking at patterns in the environment e.g., on our clothes and recognise the repetition. They make their own repeating patterns.

SSM – Children explore circles and triangles and talk about the properties of these shapes. They learn the names of the 3D shapes; cylinder and triangular prism when

Children subitise to 5

When counting groups of objects children focus on how many altogether.

They learn to link 5 to one hand and use fingers and objects.

Begins to recite numbers beyond 20

Comparison of numbers using the language of more/fewer/equal to

Composition of numbers within 3 4 and 5 and understand that the 'whole' is made up from parts

SSM – Children explore squares and rectangles and talk about the properties of these shapes. They learn the names of 3D shapes; cube, cuboid when printing squares and rectangles with their faces.

Children compare objects by size, length, and weight. Children

Children subitise up to 6

Children can match numeral to quantity to 6.

When counting children secure their knowledge of the Stable order principle to 6.

Ordinal numbers – First, second, last, one more.

Composition of number Children begin to explore the numbers 6 and 7 as numbers that are composed as 5 and a bit

Comparison Numerosity of sets and are encouraged to use the language of more and fewer as they as the focus is countable things.

Children learn quarter past on a clock.

SSM – Children will consolidate their knowledge of 3D shapes; cube, cuboid when printing squares and rectangles with their faces.

Children will consolidate their understanding of composition of numbers by investigating the numbers within 7. They will compose and decompose numbers investigating part/part/whole relations.

Children become secure with their counting and can count out a set of objects from a larger set.

Children will learn about 9 and 10.

They begin to count beyond 20 and begin to recognise the word pattern embedded in most of our number names.

Children consolidate the stable order principle with numbers 1 – 10 and realise their position within this number line does not change. Children focus on ordinality considering where numbers to 8 are in relation to one another.

They will use the language of more, equal to or less than to describe the relationships between numbers.

Children subitise increasingly complex arrangements.

Children count for a range of purposes.

Once secure in their counting skills they will continue the counting sequence and identify missing numbers within it.

Through practise children will demonstrate an understanding of the differences in the number names e.g., between 'teen' and '-ty' numbers.

Children will use different representations to explore the composition of numbers to 10.

Children will also use their fingers, 10-frames, and Hungarian number patterns to begin to explore '5 and a bit' numbers to 10.

Children explore 3D shapes around the environment and

Children consistently subitise increasingly complex arrangements

Children develop confidence in counting strategies by counting on from different starting numbers and will also know when they can subitise or when they should use their counting strategies.

Children build on their skills in comparing attributes and quantities and focus exclusively on ordinality: considering where numbers to 10 are in relation to each other.

Children can apply knowledge of composition of numbers to solve mathematical problems in the form of subtraction and addition sums e.g., 10 is made from 7 and 3 therefore 7 + 3 = 10 with the use of manipulatives.

	printing circles and triangles with the faces. Children respond to positional language to move around the indoor and outdoor environment. Children learn o'clock.	learn half past on a clock.		Children use perceptual subitising skills to build on their understanding of equal amounts. Children use manipulatives and pictorial representations to build on previous experiences with dice patterns and numbers of fingers to explore doubling quantities to 10.	consolidating their knowledge of names and talking about their properties. Children revisit all clock times.	Children use positional/directional language to describe the route from Reception to Year 1. Children can identify O'clock, Half past, quarter past and quarter to on a traditional clock. Children revisit all clock times.
		Pers	sonal Social and Emotional De	evelopment		
Self-regulation Managing-self Building relationships	they revisit the amazing things our bodies can do in connection with the senses and look at similarities and differences between themselves and their classmater in terms	knowledge of similarities and differences between themselves and peers by using photos of their families to talk about	the environment and strong relationships between new friends and teachers will have been built. Children are taught that to maintain these relationships respect and	Growing, children learn about all the factors involved in maintaining a 'healthy lifestyle' (in addition to food from investigation) thinking	their knowledge of all the people that keep us safe, and explore safety and dangers in more depth including; road safety E safety, stranger	about how they have changes in the space of a year reviewing photos from the beginning of reception and for some Nursery and think
(PSED will be discussed daily in class assemblies and use of the traffic light system and zones of regulation)	their classmates in terms of appearance (self-portraits) and things they like and enjoy appreciating that we are all special. The children will discover who can keep them safe e.g., firefighters, police officers, doctors, and nurses.	the people that are special to them. They discuss family traditions and cultural celebrations in connection with the different religions and build on their respect for different beliefs.	appreciation for each other and what we do is paramount. Children understand that it is important to help at home, and to respect their own property and the property at school and the environment.	about the importance of sleep, mental health, and exercise. They learn about different life cycles in particular the life cycle of a human. They also understand the importance of resilience, persevering when things are tough to reach their goals.	danger (linking to traditional tales), dangers inside the home (electrical items, water, cleaning liquids/fluids).	about the changes that will be happening as they move into year one.
			Communication and Lange	uage		

Listening, attention and understanding

Speaking

Children use simple sentences to talk about themselves, their likes, and dislikes. They will talk about significant people and stories that they have heard.

Children will be supported to develop their skills in asking questions, understanding they need a response and will be encouraged to ask for help. They will also develop social phrases such as how to approach others they want to play with.

Children will learn new vocabulary related to the topic and practice using this e.g., when in the role-play area dressing up as the different people who help us. Children can talk about the seasons and the signs of Autumn.

others and share their own ideas/experiences such as family traditions. Children will listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions. They will recall special times for themselves and their families and be able to talk about them with others. Children will participate in discussions surrounding their festivals which are special to them and express their feelings about the festival. Peers will then ask questions for clarity and understanding of their festival. They will learn and use new vocabulary in connection with celebrations. They will also learn new vocabulary through their light and dark investigations such as nocturnal and be able to use this when talking

about groups of

animals.

Children can listen to

Children will listen to and talk about the stories they listen to in literacy. They will be able to retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text. Children will be able to talk about their observations of animals, dinosaurs and their habitats using topic specific vocabulary. Children will confidently talk to their peers and share new facts.

During class assemblies the children will talk about their own homes, their families and who they live with supported by photos shared by the parents and will enjoy talking about family members they have abroad and their experiences with them. They will express their feelings using full sentences, including the use of past, present, and future tenses with modelling and support from the teacher. Children will then ask questions to clarify their understanding.

Children can retell a simple sequence of instructions – growing a plant.

The children will be able to offer explanations as to how plants grow from a seed and what conditions are needed. Children will use vocabulary from nonfiction books such as stem, seed, leaf, sunlight, water etc. Children will then continue to use this new vocabulary during continuous provision.

Children will understand why questions such as 'Why do we need to water the plants?'
The children will also offer explanations as to how to stay healthy. They will also be able to talk to peers and teachers about eating healthily and exercising. They will use any new vocabulary in their domestic roleplay.

The children will retell the story of Jack and the Beanstalk, have a deep familiarity with the text and be able to speak with exact repetition and use some of their own words.

Children understand the comparison between right and wrong themes within traditional tales.

Children will enjoy listening to longer stories and will remember much of what happens.

They will enjoy acting these narratives out in their play, innovating parts of the story such as characters and settings.

Can talk about what is good for our environment and how we can help to protect it

Children use intonation when reading or acting out a play narrative.

Children can express their point of view on how we can keep the ocean, school, and streets tidy. Children will also have opportunities to debate using words as well as actions.

Children to make comments after listening attentively to how the world is changing through littering and pollution.

Key vocabulary	Family; Mum, brother, sister, Nan, grandad etc, like, dislike, home, Doctor, nurse, teacher, dentist, refuge worker, librarian, policeman, firefighter, paramedic, Autumn.	Christianity, Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism, Judaism, beliefs, religion, faith, celebrations, festivals, culture, Diwali, Christmas, Hanukkah, bonfire night, Halloween, Easter, birthday Autumn, Winter.	School, street, local area, town, city, country, England, United Kingdom, Higher Walton, Preston, Walton-Le-Dale, Bamber Bridge, Church.	Growing, life, lifecycle, metamorphosis, foetus, baby, toddler, infant, child, teenager, adult, elderly, frogspawn, tadpole, froglet, frog, change, environment Winter, spring, animals, dinosaurs, extinct, endangered, environment, evolution, past, present	Traditional, stories, fairy tales, fiction, characters, setting, danger, wrong, right, moral, meaning, beginning, middle, end.	Summer, earth, planets, solar system, space, environment, eco, recycle, ocean, pollution, change, adventure, explore, environment, change, Year One.		
	Physical Development							
Gross Motor	Spatial awareness and	Spatial awareness and	Invasion games, throwing and	Team games and ball skills	Team games including	Racing and obstacle		
GIO33 WIOTOI	multi-step instruction	coordination games,	catching. Balance- standing on	including using a racquet.	relay races, using	courses – skills for		
Fine-motor	games. Running, jumping	throwing and catching.	one leg, walking along a bench,	Running, jumping, hopping	racquets and balls,	sports day. Running,		
	outside with increasing	Dance to music, moving	climbing.	from foot to foot, running	throwing and catching.	jumping, hopping,		
	control.	with control around the		around obstacles.	Running, jumping,	skipping, travelling		
		floor.	Small tools; cutlery, tweezers,		hopping, skipping,	under and		
	Small tools; cutlery,	6 11 1	pipettes, scissors. Drawing and	Small tools; cutlery,	jumping over	over obstacles,		
	tweezers, pipettes,	Small tools; cutlery,	painting.	tweezers, pipettes, scissors.	obstacles, skipping with	throwing and		
	scissors. Cutting paper, card, fabric, tracing,	tweezers, pipettes, scissors. drawing maps,		Cutting shapes e.g., spirals. Drawing and painting plants	a rope. Small tools; cutlery,	catching. Small tools; cutlery,		
	using templates,	junk modelling.		and flowers, leaf rubbings,	tweezers, pipettes,	tweezers, pipettes,		
	playdough. Drawing	junk modelling.		pencil control.	scissors. Cutting shapes	scissors. Cutting		
	myself; what features				e.g., spirals Drawing,	textured paper, tracing,		
	do I have?				painting and	using templates,		
					modelling dough,	playdough. Drawing,		
					animals,	painting, weaving or		
					pencil control.	simple sewing.		
PE Passport	Fundamental Movement	How to catch a star- To	Rosies Walk-To jump and land	Mini-Beasts-To perform the	Castles- To throw under	Space- To travel in a		
	Skills- To jump for	balance on small and	appropriately, To experiment	basic skill of jumping, to	arm, to roll a ball, to	variety of ways. To		
	distance, to land	large body parts in the	with different ways of travelling;	travel over, under and	jump and land	adjust speed and		
	appropriately, to hop on both feet, to underarm	shape of a star. To send	shuffling, running, jumping,	throw climbing equipment, to travel over, under and	appropriately, to perform a variety of	direction to avoid obstacles, to show		
	and overarm throw for	a ball/throwing equipment with	skipping, sliding, and hopping, to climb under over and through	through balance and	gymnastic rolls, to climb	increasing control over		
	and overain throw for	equipinent with	Cilino under over and unough	unough balance and	gymnastic rons, to climb	micreasing control over		

distance, to catch with increasing accuracy, to climb with confidence under, over and through climbing equipment.

Superworm- To perform the basic skill of jumping. To travel in a variety of ways low to the ground, to travel around the space hopping and skipping, to catch a large ball, to travel under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment, to pull themselves up on climbing equipment.

increasing accuracy, to jump and land appropriately, to climb under, over and through climbing equipment, to practise throwing overarm.

climbing equipment, to experiment with different ways of travelling on hands and feet.

Rumble in the Jungle- To travel on hands and feet, to roll in a variety of ways, to use an underarm and over arm throw with increasing accuracy. climbing equipment, to catch a large sponge ball, to catch with increasing accuracy, to roll in a variety of ways.

Hungry Caterpillar- To perform the basic skill of jumping, to travel in a variety of ways low to the ground, to travel over, under and through balance and climbing equipment, to balance on a range of body parts, to throw under arm, to roll in a variety of ways.

up and down apparatus using alternate feet, to revise fundamental movement skills.

Transport-To travel in a variety of ways, to adjust speed and direction to avoid obstacles, to show increasing control over an object pushing it, to perform a variety of gymnastic rolls, to over arm throw for distance, to climb nursery play climbing equipment, to revise fundamental movement skills covered in the unit.

an object pushing it, to perform a variety of gymnastic rolls, to over arm throw for distance, to climb nursery, play climbing equipment, to revise fundamental movement skills covered in the unit.

Seaside- To balance on small body parts. To travel on hands and feet. To show increasing control over an object pushing and patting it. To perform a variety of gymnastic rolls. To underarm throw with some accuracy. To revise fundamental movement skills covered in the unit.

		EY	FS Curriculum Ove	erview		
Term: Cycle B (2023- 2024)	Autumi Family ar	nd Faith	Spring term Watch It Grow!		Eco-w	er term arriors
Торіс	Term 1 Superheroes	Term 2 Light and Dark	Term 3 Animals and dinosaurs	Term 4 Growing and healthy	Term 5 Transport	Term 6 Under the Sea
ТОРІС	Supernerses	Light and Bark	Anniais and uniosaurs	eating	Transport	onder the sea
			The World			
Trips & experiences, cultural capital (added to continuous provision), LOTC.	 Visits from real life superheroes in the community (e.g., doctors, nurses, paramedics, care workers, police, fire service etc.) Community Centre visit Parent engagement, will parents speak about their occupation? Superpowers. Food tasting and senses (Harvest Festival- 1st October) what do I like/dislike? Creating family trees Yom Kippur (24th-25th September) 	 Black history month Halloween (31st October) Bonfire Night (5th November) Remembrance Day (11th November) Diwali (12th November) Shichi-Go-San (15th November) Loy Krathong Lantern Festival (28th November) St Andrew's Day (30th November) Hanukkah (8th December) Christmas (celebrated in the last few weeks of term) 	 Observations of animals and their young- visit to a farm. Dinosaur dig- fossil hunt. Curiosity cube. Chinese New Year (10th February) Shrove Tuesday (13th February) Valentine's Day (14th February) 	 Growing vegetables and sunflowers. Making our own egg and homegrown cress sandwiches. Visit to a Nursery. Bring Yer Wellies Hoghton St David's Day (1st March) Mother's Day (10th March) tea party Ramadan begins (potentially 11th March) St Patrick's Day (17th March) Down syndrome awareness day (21st March) Easter. Easter Sunday (31st March) Good Friday (29th March) Visit from Oral health? 	 Visit from fireservice. Children to explore a real fire engine. World Autism Awareness Day (2nd April) Eid ul Fitr (potential date of 10th April) mehndi patterns. St George's Day (23rd April) 	Visit to the sea-life centre or the beach King's Birthday (15 th June) Father's Day (16 th June) tea party Transition into new class.

The World

Natural World (Supported by Forest School), Past and Present, People and Communities

The use of IT will be threaded in throughout with the use of Google maps, Beebots, search engines, iPad's, microphones, CD players, electronic weighing scales.

In daily outdoor play and during the calendar, children will discuss the season and make observations about changes to the environment outdoors.

Our local Environment; What do children pass on their way to school? What is our local area like? Woodland, parks, pond, river, field, roads, street etc.

Children to look in depth at their immediate family and to make their own family tree.

Children will explore special people in the wider community with a focus on People who help us. These will be REAL LIFE SUPERHEROES doctors, police officers, refuge collectors etc, children make links to family job roles.

Special people; children are supported to talk about the special people in their lives (family) and can consider the similarities

Light and Dark. Makes observations of the changing seasons and discusses what they notice in connection to the environment e.g., leaves changing colour and falling, outside becoming dark sooner. They begin to think about different animals and learn that some animals are nocturnal and what this means.

Children think in more depth about the changes that occur in a full day and explore what is happening when it is light and when it is dark (Night and day). They discover how shadows are formed through cause and effect using torches.

Children begin to understand that the celebrations they take part in have taken place for many years.

This will link to our celebration of Diwali as it is the **festival of light**. Children will also build on their knowledge of

Animals: Comparing Animals and places. They explore animal features and their contrasting environments/ habitats.

Developing an understanding of the five classes of animals.

Children to group animals into categories. Farm animals, wild animals, domestic animals.

Seasons: Makes observations of the changing seasons and discusses what they notice in connection to the environment e.g., buds will be appearing on trees, snowdrops on the ground. The first signs of Spring! What does this mean for our animals?

Through a focus on dinosaurs, children begin to understand about animals from the past that no longer live (extinct) and consider why this might be? Children to explore how we know dinosaurs existed (fossils) and what could have happened to them.

Palaeontologists/vets/zoo keepers/farmer children learn more about people who work with animals in their everyday lives.

DM links- The World, Children in Reception (W)

Growing; Observing natural processes and changes. Children will explore what plants need to grow-soil, water, and sunlight.

Farm: Explore why we have farms and what they produce? Observing food similarities

/differences/food groups/food from around the world. What does a balanced diet look like. Explore the food groups.

Changing states of matter - melting chocolate for Easter nests. (Remind them chocolate is part of a balanced diet and in this context, a treat to celebrate Easter) Highlight the cultural/religious meaning of the egg. Link to lifecycles.

Children can make connections to past/present and future when thinking about the stages of the human lifecycle and linking to where they are now in the life cycle or other family members.

Through our investigation of where food comes from children begin to make comparisons between the

Transport: Children will look at different environments appropriate for a specific type of transport e.g., ocean and boats, roads for cars, lorries, vans, buses, cycle lanes and country roads for bikes, railway lines for trains.

Children will talk about the different forces that cause a mode of transport to move.

Children will discover how transport has changed. From simple horse drawn carts, to steam trains, and early versions of cars. Beebots- children will use these to navigate maps.

Children will discover how different countries use different modes of transports. Comparing busy cities to rural areas.

Children will talk in depth about road safety and the Green Cross Code. Under the sea: Changing states; observing changes to material (freezing, melting, combining). Commenting on and exploring changes to foods (cooking).

Fish: Children will explore different types of marine life, exploring rockpools, coral.

Pollution: Through a focus on becoming ecowarriors, they explore the changes to Earth over the years and consider why/the impact of our actionspollution/littering etc in our oceans.

Overfishing: Children will look at the impact of over-fishing and how it will affect the environment. Children will look at how they can help reduce this.

DM links- The World, Children in Reception ELG's.

Questful RE- Special Places and Prayer.

	and differences between them and their peers. My Body, My Senses; Naming our body parts, sense and being healthy. Looking at how to look after myself (self-care such as dressing, outing on shoes/coast, washing hands etc) DM links- The World 3-4-year-olds. Questful RE- I am Special,	celebrations and explore other religions. The children will be encouraged to link these to their own religious beliefs and cultural traditions. The focus will be Christianity and Hinduism. DM links- The World, Children in Reception (B) Questful RE- Christmas	Questful RE- Stories Jesus heard, Easter and love.	past and now in terms of the equipment available to get food on the shelves e.g., old mills in comparison to modern factories. Explore farms in other countries; where does our food come from? DM links- The World, Children in Reception (W) Questful RE- Stories Jesus told.	DM links- The World, Children in Reception (S) and ELG's. Questful RE- Friendship.	(Hinduism, Islam, and Judaism)
	Islam and Harvest.	and Diwali.	Literacy			
Literacy Cove	Where The Wild Things	Lam Hanny Finch		I Will Not Ever Never Eat a	Haim, Maslam, fram	So much
Literacy Core Texts (10+ sessions, 2+ weeks)	Are Anansi	I am Henry Finch Halibut Jackson	The Magic Paintbrush Little Red	Tomato The Extraordinary Gardner	Hairy Maclary from Donaldson's Dairy The Night Pirates	Izzy Gizmo
The Literacy Tree						
Topic related texts	Supertato Elmer and Super El Super Milly and the Super School Day Wash scrub and brush The Paper Dolls Dr Ranj- A Superhero like you. Things I love about Family	Owl Babies The Leaf Thief Nativity Focus text	Handa's Surprise Harry and the dinosaurs go Wild!	Jack and the Beanstalk Lulu's Flowers The Very Hungry Caterpillar The Little Red Hen	Whatever Next	The Odd Fish Love our Earth
Non-fiction texts	Helpers in my community Something to share (Islam) Senses					

	Let's Celebrate Autumn					
Writing media	Literacy- Labels, captions, oral re-telling, developing a new character. Labels and captions, calland-response poems, descriptive posters, simple explanations.	Role play- Menus, list, messages, celebration cards, Lists, signs, labels, captions, speech bubbles, invitations. Literacy- Timetables, thought-bubbles, lists, commands, letters of advice, signs and labels, captions, invitations, thought bubbles, advertisements, letters of advice.	Literacy- Thought bubbles, labels, oral re-telling, writing in role, thank you letters. Drawing and labelling animals /characters, labels, notes of advice, adverts.	Instructions: How I Can Grow Literacy- Statements, writing in role, shopping lists, labels, letters of advice, instructions, narratives.	Literacy- Character description, writing in role, letters, leaflet, writing in role, letters, labels, and captions.	Literacy- Past tense sentences, writing in role, performance/ narrative poetry, signage; letters of advice; lists; labelled diagrams.
Phonics (Bug Club)	Phase 1 Bug Club Phase 1 - Units A-F (6 weeks) Covering the 7 aspects and three strands. Aspects: Aspect 1: General sound discrimination-environmental sounds. Aspect 2: General sound discrimination — instrumental sounds. Aspect 3: General sound discrimination — body percussion. Aspect 4: Rhythm and rhyme. Aspect 5: Alliteration. Aspect 5: Voice sounds. Aspect 7: Oral blending. And segmenting.	Phase 2- Bug club Phase 2- Units 1-5 HFW decodable- at, as, an, it, in, is, dad, can, on, not, got, mum, up, get, had, back, his, big, him, if, of, off, but. HFW irregular wordsto, the, no, go, I, into, her.	Phase 2- Bug club Phase 2- Units 1-5 HFW decodable- at, as, an, it, in, is, dad, can, on, not, got, mum, up, get, had, back, his, big, him, if, of, off, but. HFW irregular words- to, the, no, go, I, into, her.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3-Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3- Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love.	Phase 3- Bug club Phase 3- Units 6-11 HFW decodable- will, that, this, then, them, with, look, see, too, for, now, down. HFW irregular words- me, be, he, my, by, she, they, we, are, you, all, was, give, love. Phase 4- Bug club Phase 4- Unit 12 HFW decodable- went, from, children, just, help. HFW irregular words- said, have, like, so, do, some, come, were,

	Strands: Tuning into sounds (auditory discrimination) Listening and remembering sounds (auditory memory and sequencing) Talking about sounds (developing vocabulary and language comprehension).					there, little, one, when, out, what.
			Expressive Arts and Desi	gn		
Role play	Domestic: People who help us.	Domestic: Celebratory meals.	Domestic: Pets Small word: Dinosaurs and wild animals.	Domestic: Farm shop	Domestic: Train station	Domestic: Holidays
Artists	Roy Lichtenstein-Pop Art Kehinde Wiley- Portraits	Jack Goldstein- Fireworks	Ruby Keller- Animals.	Giuseppe Arcimboldo- portraits out of food.	Henri Edmond- pointillism	Claude Monet - Water lilies
Music- Charanga (Being Imaginative)	charanga* Me	charanga" My stories	charanga* Everyone	charanga* Our World	charanga* Big Bear Funk	charanga Reflect, rewind and replay
	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm, and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.	Following the scheme children participate in activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. They explore their voices and classroom instruments.
Creating with Materials Art elements:	Children develop their Drawing skills by paying close attention to the lines and shapes of different things e.g., when	Children make connections between colours and the changing seasons, Link to the seasons	Children show development in their drawings – paying close attention to shape and form to create clearer drawings of animals.	Children will be honing in on the use of collage within a portrait. Children will be refining their fine motor skills, cutting, and sticking	Children will use different materials such as junk modelling to create vehicles. Children will attempt to use	Through exploration of the artist Claude Monet – Children look at the use of different media to create a

line, shape,	creating self-portraits	They begin to explore		the pictures effectively on	appropriate media e.g.	desired outcome – e.g.,
colour, form,	making a large circle for	different textures	Children explore the use of salt	the outline.	spheres for wheels.	water colours instead
space, texture,	the face and small circles	through activities such as	dough to make 'dinosaur fossils'		Children will be	of paint or pastels.
tone, pattern	for the eyes.	leaf rubbings.	and in the playdough as part of		encouraged to start to	They reinforce their
			the rainbow challenge they use a	DM links- Expressive Arts	use the skills they have	knowledge of colour in
	Knowledge of colours are	In connection to the	range of resources to make	and Design- Children in	learnt already	connection to seasons
	continually reinforced but	topic (celebrations)	dinosaurs.	Reception (W) and (S)	independently.	e.g., spring colours –
	within EAAD children	children explore how				yellows, greens, pale
	think about colour in	they can create different				blues.
	more depth in relation to	effects focussing on	DM links- Expressive Arts and		DM links- Expressive	
	themselves – their eye	Goldstein e.g., spatting,	Design- Children in Reception		Arts and Design-	DM links- Expressive
	and hair colour, skin	splashing, dripping to	(W)		Children in Reception	Arts and Design-
	colour and begin to think	represent fireworks.			(S) and ELGs	Children in Reception
	about the different tones.	Children create their				ELGs
		own props to act out				
		stories – silhouettes.				
	DM links- Expressive Arts					
	and Design-	DM links- DM links-				
	3-4-year-olds.	Expressive Arts and				
		Design- Children in				
		Reception (B)				
			Maths			
White Rose	Match, sort and compare.	Circles and triangles	Alive in 5	Length, height, and time	To 20 and beyond	Sharing and grouping
	Talk about measure and	1,2,3,4,5	Mass and capacity	Building 9 and 10	How many now?	Visualise, build and
	patterns.					map
		Shapes with four sides	Growing 6,7,8	Explore 3D shapes	Manipulate, compose	
	It's me, 1,2,3				decompose	Make connections

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Number

Numerical Patterns

Children identify representations of 1, 2 and 3. They subitise or count to find how many and make their own collections of up to 5 objects. Children begin to understand that as we count each number is 1 more than the one before.

Children begin to subitise to 3.

Children explore the composition of numbers within 3 and 4.

Children look at the comparison of numbers up to 3 by saying which is more and which is less.

Children revisit patterns looking at patterns in the environment e.g., on our clothes and recognise the repetition. They make their own repeating patterns.

SSM – Children explore circles and triangles and talk about the properties of these shapes. They learn the names of the 3D shapes; cylinder and triangular prism when

Children subitise to 5

When counting groups of objects children focus on how many altogether.

They learn to link 5 to one hand and use fingers and objects.

Begins to recite numbers beyond 20

Comparison of numbers using the language of more/fewer/equal to

Composition of numbers within 3 4 and 5 and understand that the 'whole' is made up from parts

SSM – Children explore squares and rectangles and talk about the properties of these shapes. They learn the names of 3D shapes; cube, cuboid when printing squares and rectangles with their faces.

Children compare objects by size, length, and weight. Children learn half past on a clock.

Children subitise up to 6

Children can match numeral to quantity to 6. When counting children secure their knowledge of the Stable order principle to 6.

Ordinal numbers – First, second, last, one more. Composition of number- Children begin to explore the numbers 6 and 7 as numbers that are composed as 5 and a bit.

Comparison Numerosity of sets and are encouraged to use the language of more and fewer as they as the focus is countable things.

Children learn quarter past on a clock.

SSM – Children will consolidate their knowledge of 3D shapes; cube, cuboid when printing squares and rectangles with their faces.

Children will consolidate their understanding of composition of numbers by investigating the numbers within 7. They will compose and decompose numbers investigating part/part/whole relations.

Children become secure with their counting and can count out a set of objects from a larger set.

Children will learn about 9 and 10.

They begin to count beyond 20 and begin to recognise the word pattern embedded in most of our number names.

Children consolidate the stable order principle with numbers 1 – 10 and realise their position within this number line does not change. Children focus on ordinality considering where numbers to 8 are in relation to one another.

They will use the language of more, equal to or less than to describe the relationships between numbers.

Children subitise increasingly complex arrangements.

Children count for a range of purposes.

Once secure in their counting skills they will continue the counting sequence and identify missing numbers within it.

Through practise children will demonstrate an understanding of the differences in the number names e.g., between 'teen' and '-ty' numbers.

Children will use different representations to explore the composition of numbers to 10.

Children will also use their fingers, 10-frames and Hungarian number patterns to begin to explore '5 and a bit' numbers to 10.

Children explore 3D shapes around the environment and

Children consistently subitise increasingly complex arrangements

Children develop confidence in counting strategies by counting on from different starting numbers and will also know when they can subitise or when they should use their counting strategies.

Children build on their skills in comparing attributes and quantities and focus exclusively on ordinality: considering where numbers to 10 are in relation to each other.

Children can apply knowledge of composition of numbers to solve mathematical problems in the form of subtraction and addition sums e.g., 10 is made from 7 and 3 therefore 7 + 3 = 10 with the use of manipulatives.

Children use positional/directional

	printing circles and triangles with the faces. Children respond to positional language to move around the indoor and outdoor environment. Children learn o'clock.			Children use perceptual subitising skills to build on their understanding of equal amounts. Children use manipulatives and pictorial representations to build on previous experiences with dice patterns and numbers of fingers to explore doubling quantities to 10.	consolidating their knowledge of names and talking about their properties. Children revisit all clock times.	language to describe the route from Reception to Year 1. Children revisit all clock times.
		Pers	sonal Social and Emotional De	evelopment	l	l
Self-regulation Managing-self Building relationships (PSED will be discussed daily in class assemblies and use of the traffic light system and zones of regulation)	Children focus on self; they revisit the amazing things our bodies can do in connection with the senses and look at similarities and differences between themselves and their classmates in terms of appearance (self-portraits) and things they like and enjoy appreciating that we are all special. The children will discover who can keep them safe e.g., firefighters, police officers, doctors, and	Children build on their knowledge of similarities and differences between themselves and peers by using photos of their families to talk about the people that are special to them. They discuss family traditions and cultural celebrations in connection with the different religions and build on their respect for different beliefs.	Children now feel confident in the environment and strong relationships between new friends and teachers will have been built. Children are taught that to maintain these relationships respect and appreciation for each other and what we do is paramount. Children understand that it is important to help at home, and to respect their own property and the property at school and the environment.	Through the topic of Growing, children learn about all the factors involved in maintaining a 'healthy lifestyle' (in addition to food from investigation) thinking about the importance of sleep, mental health, and exercise. Children learn about different life cycles in particular the life cycle of a human. They also understand the importance of resilience, persevering when things are tough to reach their goals.	Children will reinforce their knowledge of all the people that keep us safe, and explore safety and dangers in more depth including; road safety (linking to transport) E safety, stranger danger, dangers inside the home (electrical items, water, cleaning liquids/fluids).	They think in depth about how they have changes in the space of a year reviewing photos from the beginning of reception and for some Nursery and think about the changes that will be happening as they move into year one.
	nurses.		Communication and Langu			
Listening,	Children use simple	Children can listen to	Communication and Langu Children will listen to and talk	Children can retell a simple	Children understand the	Can talk about what is
attention and understanding Speaking	sentences to talk about themselves, their likes, and dislikes. They will talk about significant people	others and share their own ideas/experiences such as family traditions.	about the stories they listen to in literacy. They will be able to retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text. Children will be	sequence of instructions – growing a plant. The children will be able to offer explanations as to how	comparison between right and wrong themes within traditional tales.	good for our environment and how we can help to protect it.

	and stories that they have heard.	Children will listen attentively and respond	able to talk about their observations of animals,	plants grow from a seed and what conditions are needed.	Children will enjoy listening to longer	Children use intonation when reading or acting
	nearu.	to what they hear with	dinosaurs and their habitats	Children will use vocabulary	stories and will	out a play narrative.
	Children will be supported	relevant questions.	using topic specific vocabulary.	from nonfiction books such	remember much of what	out a play harrative.
	to develop their skills in	They will recall special	Children will confidently talk to	as stem, seed, leaf, sunlight,	happens.	Children can express
	!	times for themselves and	their peers and share new facts.	water etc. Children will then	паррепѕ.	their point of view on
	asking questions,	their families and be	their peers and share new facts.			•
	understanding they need		During along accombling the	continue to use this new		how we can keep the
	a response and will be	able to talk about them	During class assemblies the	vocabulary during		ocean, school, and
	encouraged to ask for	with others.	children will talk about their own	continuous provision.		streets tidy. Children
	help. They will also	Children will read in the	homes, their families and who	Children will word anata and		will also have
	develop social phrases	Children will participate	they live with supported by	Children will understand		opportunities to
	such as how to approach	in discussions	photos shared by the parents	why questions such as 'Why		debate using words as
	others they want to play	surrounding their	and will enjoy talking about	do we need to water the		well as actions.
	with.	festivals which are	family members they have	plants?'		
		special to them	abroad and their experiences	The children will also offer		Children to make
	Children will learn new	and express their	with them. They will express	explanations as to how to		comments after
	vocabulary related to the	feelings about the	their feelings using full	stay healthy. They will also		listening attentively to
	topic and practice using	festival. Peers will then	sentences, including the use of	be able to talk to peers and		how the world is
	this e.g., when in the role-	ask questions for clarity	past, present, and future tenses	teachers about eating		changing through
	play area dressing up as	and understanding of	with modelling and support from	healthily and exercising.		littering and pollution
	the different people who	their festival.	the teacher. Children will then	They will use any new		
	help us. Children can talk	They will learn and use	ask questions to clarify their	vocabulary in their domestic		
	about the seasons and the	new vocabulary in	understanding.	roleplay.		
	signs of Autumn.	connection with				
		celebrations. They will		The children will retell the		
		also learn new		story of Jack and the		
		vocabulary through their		Beanstalk, have a deep		
		light and dark		familiarity with the text and		
		investigations such as		be able to speak with exact		
		nocturnal and be able to		repetition and use some of		
		use this when talking		their own words.		
		about groups of animals.				
Key vocabulary	Family; Mum, brother,	Christianity, Islam,	Winter, spring, animals,	Growing, life, lifecycle,	Transport, travel, car,	Summer, earth,
	sister, Nan, grandad etc,	Hinduism, Sikhism,	dinosaurs, extinct, endangered,	farming, water, soil,	van, lorry, bus, train,	planets, solar system,
	like, dislike, home, Doctor,	Judaism, beliefs, religion,	environment, evolution, past,	sunlight, healthy,	aeroplane, ferry, boat,	space, environment,
	nurse, teacher, dentist,	faith, celebrations,	present, adult, young, baby, wild,	carbohydrates, fats,	bike, scooter, taxi, roads,	eco, recycle, ocean,
	refuge worker, librarian,	festivals, culture, Diwali,	farm, domestic, carnivore,	proteins, sugar, fruit,	tracks, traffic lights,	pollution, change,
	policeman, firefighter,	Christmas, Hanukkah,	herbivore, omnivore, habitat.	vegetables, fibre, healthy,	stop, get ready, go,	adventure, explore,
	paramedic, Autumn,	•		unhealthy, treat.		

	School, street, local area, town, city, country, England, United Kingdom, Higher Walton, Preston, Walton-Le-Dale, Bamber Bridge, Church.	bonfire night, Halloween, Easter, birthday Autumn, Winter.			safety, crossing, green cross code.	environment, change, Year One.
	•		Physical Development	•		
Gross Motor Fine-motor	Spatial awareness and multi-step instruction games. Running, jumping outside with increasing control. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Cutting paper, card, fabric, tracing, using templates, playdough. Drawing myself; what features do I have?	Spatial awareness and coordination games, throwing and catching. Dance to music, moving with control around the floor. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Drawing maps.	Invasion games, throwing and catching. Balance- standing on one leg, walking along a bench, climbing. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Drawing and painting animals, pencil control, modelling dough.	Team games and ball skills including using a racquet. Running, jumping, hopping from foot to foot, running around obstacles. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Cutting shapes e.g., spirals. Drawing and painting plants and flowers, leaf rubbings, pencil control.	Team games including relay races, using racquets and balls, throwing and catching. Running, jumping, hopping, skipping, jumping over obstacles, skipping with a rope. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Cutting shapes e.g., spirals Drawing, painting transport, junk modelling vehicles.	Racing and obstacle courses – skills for sports day. Running, jumping, hopping, skipping, travelling under and over obstacles, throwing and catching. Small tools; cutlery, tweezers, pipettes, scissors. Cutting textured paper, tracing, using templates, playdough. Drawing, painting, weaving or simple sewing.
PE Passport	Fundamental Movement Skills- To jump for distance, to land appropriately, to hop on both feet, to underarm and overarm throw for distance, to catch with increasing accuracy, to climb with confidence under, over and through climbing equipment. Superworm- To perform the basic skill of jumping.	How to catch a star- To balance on small and large body parts in the shape of a star. To send a ball/throwing equipment with increasing accuracy, to jump and land appropriately, to climb under, over and through climbing equipment, to practise throwing overarm.	Rosies Walk-To jump and land appropriately, To experiment with different ways of travelling; shuffling, running, jumping, skipping, sliding, and hopping, to climb under over and through climbing equipment, to experiment with different ways of travelling on hands and feet. Rumble in the Jungle- To travel on hands and feet, to roll in a variety of ways, to use an	Mini-Beasts-To perform the basic skill of jumping, to travel over, under and throw climbing equipment, to travel over, under and through balance and climbing equipment, to catch a large sponge ball, to catch with increasing accuracy, to roll in a variety of ways. Hungry Caterpillar- To perform the basic skill of	Castles- To throw under arm, to roll a ball, to jump and land appropriately, to perform a variety of gymnastic rolls, to climb up and down apparatus using alternate feet, to revise fundamental movement skills. Transport-To travel in a variety of ways, to adjust speed and direction to	Space- To travel in a variety of ways. To adjust speed and direction to avoid obstacles, to show increasing control over an object pushing it, to perform a variety of gymnastic rolls, to over arm throw for distance, to climb nursery, play climbing equipment, to revise fundamental

To travel in a variety of	underarm and over arm throw	jumping, to travel in a	avoid obstacles, to show	movement skills
ways low to the ground,	with increasing accuracy.	variety of ways low to the	increasing control over	covered in the unit.
to travel around the space		ground, to travel over, under	an object pushing it, to	
hopping and skipping, to		and through balance and	perform a variety of	Seaside- To balance on
catch a large ball, to travel		climbing equipment, to	gymnastic rolls, to over	small body parts. To
under, over and through		balance on a range of body	arm throw for distance,	travel on hands and
balancing and climbing		parts, to throw under arm,	to climb nursery play	feet. To show
equipment, to pull		to roll in a variety of ways.	climbing equipment,	increasing control over
themselves up on			to revise fundamental	an object pushing and
climbing equipment.			movement skills covered	patting it. To perform a
			in the unit.	variety of gymnastic
				rolls. To underarm
				throw with some
				accuracy. To revise
				fundamental
				movement skills
				covered in the unit.